Training opportunities & activities for supervisors

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If you ask students about supervision, they will talk about...





But supervision is not just a relationship between 2 people...





Understanding the different roles one can play as an advisor....



Unpacking Supervision

A multi-layered process involving roles and responsibilities

Supervision is not a instinctive activity... one needs to hone it within:

- The faculty and institutional requirements/processes (Administration and MoU...)
- The disciplinary knowledge (Professional expertise)

Supervision needs to take into account

- The student/s
- The main supervisor
- The supervision team...



Who should engage in supervision training?



Why should supervisors engage in further training? A few examples...

INSTITUTIONAL PRESSURE: Supervise MORE students

INSTITUTONAL PRESSURE:

Reduce the completion time of their students' degrees.



IMPROVE THE STUDENT/SUPERVISON RELATIONSHIPS: Improve the students' experience



Better satisfaction- your own, the students, the institution... Assist with own career advancement



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If you engage in supervision training, what can you expect to learn about?





Different styles of supervision

High

SUPPORT

Low



Structure

Reference: Gatfield, T. (2005), Journal of Higher Education Policy and Management Vol. 27, No. 3, November 2005, pp. 311–325

PASTORAL

Caring High level of support Relational

Involved in study (hands on)

Not overly directive

LAISSEZ-FAIRE

Non-directiveOffers limited but
sufficient supportNot overly friendly –
maintains position of
supervisorNot too
involvedLimits interaction
with candidateAllows candidate to
manage themselves

CONTRACTUAL

Strong management skills Ensure research structure is in place

Strong interpersonal Makes time relations

DIRECTORIAL

Good / sufficient interaction

Regular evaluation of progress

Holds student accountable

Lower levels of support Task oriented

High

STRUCTURE



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In Practice...

One style does not fit all

 One supervisor will not always be the same depending on their students.

Supervision style will evolve over time...

From highly contractual where the supervisor is playing a leading role...

...to where the student becomes the expert and take the lead... and becomes their supervisor's 'peer'.





Supervisory styles over the research journey: A process that evolves over time & adapt to your student

1. Recruitment Why? Where? What skills? What interests? What topics? What research Q? 2. MoU / Schedule Agreements Goal setting Appointments Finance Support Office space Equipment Relations

3. Proposal Weekly meetings Regular feedback Site visits / lab Support Presentation

4. Project Meeting schedule Contact time Feedback Sharing literature Networks Peer contact Monthly email report 5. Writing Up Analysis Skills Critical assessment Submission Journals Conferences Maintaining contact **6. Graduation** And Moving on...

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Different models of supervision











Other aspects that matter in Supervision:

- Developing a framework for the supervisory relationship
- Communication
- Power Relations
- How to prevent conflict
- How to deal with conflict
- Grievance procedure



Remember that each student comes from a different:

- Experience / Ability / Learning background
- Culture / Religion / Creed
- Family situation / Commitments
- National / International
- Local / Out-of-town
- Gender / Sexual Orientation
- Race / Ethnicity
- Age
- ... and remember that processes change, so keep up-to-date...





Should one attend supervision training? YES!!!

When should one attend supervision training? Regularly!!!

What else? Be creative and find what works for you:

- Develop a community of practice with other supervisors
- Combine formal and informal training
- Get feedback from your students...





Thank you

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